CPI Meeting Agenda
June 12, 2013 (11:30 a.m. – 1:15 p.m.)
MSC, room 2400

(11:30 – 11:45) Lunch

(11:45 – 11:50) Call to order/Opening remarks: (Moderated by Dr. Reza Langari, CPI Chair)

(11:50 – 12:10) Open Forum Discussion - Dr. Glen Laine, Interim Vice President for Research, Texas A&M University

(12:10 – 12:30) Update from Government Relations – Mr. Michael O'Quinn, Vice President for Government Relations & Dr. Diane Hurtado, Assistant Vice President for Federal Relations, Texas A&M University

(12:30 – 12:50) Update from Graduate and Professional Studies – Dr. Karen L. Butler-Purry, Associate Provost for Graduate and Professional Studies, Texas A&M University

(12:50 – 1:10) Update on Financial Conflict of Interest – Ms. Kristen Worman, Assistant General Counsel, The Texas A&M University System

(1:10 – 1:15) Other business: (Moderated by Dr. Reza Langari, CPI Chair)

(1:15) Adjournment

Attachments:   PI-submitted questions for meeting presenters (p. 2)  
Office of Graduate and Professional Studies presentation slides (pp. 3 – 7)  
Draft System Regulation, 15.01.03, Financial Conflicts of Interest in Sponsored Research (pp. 8 – 20)
Questions submitted by Principal Investigators for June 12\textsuperscript{th} CPI meeting presenters

\textbf{VPR}

1. There is a fair level of concern about Charles Johnson leaving the VPR's office and also about in the reshuffle internally under Dr. Laine, it doesn't appear at least that humanities and social sciences have any voice in the VPR's office once again.

2. Chancellor Sharp indicated some time ago that various budget cuts, reductions, and subcontracts were put in place so that emphasis could be returned to the core missions of Research and Teaching. What impact has this strategy made on the budget for OVPR, and how has it affected faculty research/teaching activity and access to resources?

3. An interesting situation has developed regarding who "owns" equipment purchased using federal dollars, e.g., NSF, NIH? In the past, the Research Foundation placed a label on equipment purchased using NIH monies. If the PI left A&M, they took this equipment with them. Today, all equipment purchases are laundered through State Accounts, and a TAMU number appears on the equipment. Therefore, the tracking mechanism is obscure at best. A clarification from the VPR and CPI would be helpful.

\textbf{Government Relations}

1. Please provide an update on the PCAST recommendation to consolidate efforts to various federal agencies in undergrad/grad STEM education to the purview of NSF.

\textbf{Office of Graduate and Professional Studies}

1. \textit{Funds for graduate students} – Beyond the 1.5M the President has pledged for graduate students, are there plans in process to increase support to departments for graduate students (GANTs GARs, etc.) to track with the increasing numbers of undergraduate students being admitted?

2. What is the current average/expected time to process a degree plan or a petition, and also what process should be followed when there are students that need expedited processing, such as students needing to defend or graduate.

3. \textit{Thesis copyright} - In the past semester or so, the dissertation/thesis template guide has added a copyright statement to the cover page (attached) Apparently, the thesis clerk has encouraged students to include the copyright statement in their name, and this has raised some concern among graduate faculty advisors.

Potential ramifications of students placing the copyright notice on their thesis have been raised. This issue has been brought to the attention of Dr. Butler-Purry by faculty, however, resolution may take time. It seems that this is an issue might benefit from consideration by CPI, and also may be a topic that has been addressed by other institutions.

In the absence of clarity, there is a suggestion that the Thesis Office temporarily discontinue their recommendation that students place a copyright statement on the thesis until the matter is resolved at TAMU.

4. Chancellor Sharp indicated some time ago that various budget cuts, reductions, and subcontracts were put in place so that emphasis could be returned to the core missions of Research and Teaching. What impact has this strategy made on the budgets for graduate and professional studies?
Update on Graduate and Professional Studies

Dr. Karen Butler-Purry
Associate Provost for Graduate and Professional Studies

Council of Principal Investigators Meeting
12 June 2013

Graduate and Professional Enrollment

• In 2011-12: 2,912 graduate and professional degrees conferred
  2,105 Master’s, 678 Doctoral, 129 Professional

• Fall 2012 Enrollment – Total – 10,127
  - Doctoral 4,709
  - Master’s 4,891
  - Professional 527
  - 3,271 (32%) international from 112 countries
  - 1,648 (16%) minority (African American, Hispanic American, Asian American, American Indian)
As of February 1, 2013, expanded DPSS launched

- Petitions can now be submitted and approved on-line
- Also several changes can be submitted in one petition (course changes, committee changes, extend time limits, and waivers and exceptions). These were submitted separately in the past.

For degree plans approved before February 1, 2013:

- All existing static degree plans have to be converted to dynamic degree plans and develop two way data flow from custom application and COMPASS data
- In meantime, petitions for these degree plans must be submitted by paper.
- Targeting to have theses degree plans converted in 6-8 months to allow on-line submission of petitions to these degree plans
- Processing will take longer than normal while we are processing in both modes.

On-Line Degree Evaluation for Committee Chair

- Over a decade ago, paper printouts of degree evaluations of graduate students were generated and mailed to committee chairs each semester but discontinued before COMPASS.
- Contains information such as:
  - Courses and grades for each semester
  - Degree requirements completed and Remaining degree requirements
- Dept. Advisors can generate degree evaluations in Howdy portal
- Recently Access broadened to Committee chairs
- Pilot testing performed in March 2013
- To get access, faculty will need to complete on-line FERPA training
Graduate Research Compliance

  - Includes a checklist of questions to determine if proposed research includes human, animal, and/or select agents/materials; and requests the number of the corresponding approved protocol or permit
- Office of Research Compliance and Biosafety receives notification and contacts the student if appropriate approval is not on file
- Important for proposals to be submitted as early as appropriate

*Effective late summer 2013

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Education and Training

- To ensure that all graduate students performing research are knowledgeable about responsible conduct of research (RCR), support faculty in meeting the graduate student RCR training requirements from a growing number of federal funding agencies, and support graduate student learning outcomes

- Verification of Training
  - Voluntary -- 2013-14 academic year
  - Develop automatic process for verification of training completion from CITI to feed into COMPASS
  - Develop procedure for department head to opt-out
  - Transition to mandatory in future after review and revisions
Surveys and Studies

- TAMU Graduate Student Campus Climate Survey
- Council of Graduate Schools (CGS) Completion and Attrition in STEM Master’s Programs Study (added TAMU non-STEM Master’s Programs)
- CGS Doctoral Initiative on Minority Attrition and Completion

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<tr>
<th>Tuition Payments</th>
<th>FY11*</th>
<th>FY12**</th>
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<td>Total No. of payments</td>
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<td>D</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total Dollars</td>
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*Tuition Payments were facilitated by OGS

**Tuition funding was allocated to colleges beginning in FY12. Amount represents tuition expenses to colleges, and initiatives
## OGAPS Facilitated Graduate Student Funding

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<th>FY11</th>
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<td>TAMU Fellowships*</td>
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<td>TAMU Merit &amp; Dissertation Fellowships**</td>
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<td>Scholarship &amp; Fellowships***</td>
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*Merit, Diversity and Pathways Fellowships (Includes stipends plus tuition and fees)

**Merit and Dissertation Fellowships from FY12 Reallocation funds

***College facilitated Top Off Scholarships and Merit Fellowships from FY12 Reallocation funds

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### Contact Information

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Regulation Statement

The Texas A&M University System (system) recognizes its responsibilities to encourage interaction between its employees and the public and private sectors as an important component of its research activities. The system is committed to conducting research in a manner consistent with the highest standards of integrity and ethics. The system adopts this regulation to promote objectivity in research and to ensure that the research activities conducted by each member are free from bias resulting from financial conflicts of interest (FCOI).

Reason for Regulation

This regulation implements federal law and regulations adopted by the Public Health Service (PHS) of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services and the National Science Foundation (NSF) to address when a Significant Financial Interest (SFI) reasonably appears to affect or bias the design, conduct or reporting of research.

Procedures and Responsibilities

1. PURPOSE AND BACKGROUND

This regulation defines the general procedures required for members to identify, manage and report financial conflicts of interest in research. The purpose of this regulation is to protect the credibility and integrity of system researchers and staff, as well as member universities and agencies themselves, so the public trust and confidence in their research activities are maintained. To that end, this regulation adopts standards for the disclosure, management and reporting of FCOI beyond those required by federal law.

Members have a responsibility to identify and manage, reduce or eliminate conflicts of interest that may arise due to financial or other personal interests of an Investigator. Therefore, the system requires Investigators to disclose financial interests related to their Institutional Responsibilities.
2. APPLICABILITY

Except as otherwise provided by federal law, this regulation applies broadly to all externally sponsored Research or Research Activities regardless of the funding source.

In addition to the issues addressed in this regulation, there may be ethical considerations that are distinct and separate from FCOI questions. See, e.g., System Policy 07.01 – Ethics; System Policy 31.05 – External Employment and Expert Witness; System Regulation 31.05.01 – Faculty Consulting, External Employment and Conflict of Interest, and System Regulation 31.05.02 – External Employment.

3. CONFLICT OF INTEREST OFFICIAL

Each member’s chief executive officer (CEO) shall appoint a Conflict of Interest Official (COI Official) who will be responsible for implementing this regulation. The COI Official shall perform the duties assigned by this regulation and any other duties as assigned by the CEO.

4. DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT FINANCIAL INTERESTS

4.1. Each Investigator, as defined below, must submit or update a Financial Disclosure Statement as required in Section 4.2 of this regulation that:

(a) Identifies all Research or Research Activities in which the Investigator is engaged at the time the Financial Disclosure Statement is submitted; and

(b) Discloses the following information for each SFI held by the Investigator or a Covered Family Member, as defined below, that is reasonably related to the Investigator’s Institutional Responsibilities:

(1) The total amount of salary or other payments received in the preceding 12 months, in rounded, whole dollar amounts;

(2) A description and the value of any equity interest (e.g., stock, stock options, or other ownership interest or entitlement to such an interest) in rounded, whole dollar amounts by reference to public prices or other reasonable measures of fair market value;

(3) A description and the value of any intellectual property or royalty interests in rounded, whole dollar amounts;

(4) The source of the SFI, including the source’s name and principal address; and

(5) For each occurrence of reimbursed or sponsored travel, the purpose of the trip, the identity of the sponsor/organizer, the destination and the duration of the trip. Each member, at its discretion, may require an Investigator to disclose additional information in order to determine whether the travel at issue constitutes an FCOI.

Comment [A1]: To clarify that this regulation does not apply to internally sponsored research.
4.2 Investigators shall submit or update a Financial Disclosure Statement to the member’s COI Official:

(a) Within 30 days of the Investigator’s initial employment date;
(b) Annually, not later than August 31st;
(c) Within 30 days after acquiring a new SFI requiring disclosure; and
(d) For those Investigators participating in PHS-funded research, not later than the application date for PHS-funded research, except that an Investigator who will be participating in an ongoing PHS-funded research project must submit a Financial Disclosure Statement within 30 days of the Investigator’s initial employment date.

4.3 Investigators shall also submit or update a separate Financial Disclosure Statement for each Covered Family Member within the time periods specified in Section 4.2.

4.4 Investigators shall submit the required Financial Disclosure Statement(s) online via Maestro.

4.5 An Investigator or Covered Family Member shall provide any additional documentation related to the SFIs disclosed on a Financial Disclosure Statement upon request of a member’s COI Official.

5. REVIEW OF FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE STATEMENTS

5.1 Each member’s COI Official shall review the Financial Disclosure Statement submitted by each Investigator at that member and determine:

(a) Whether an SFI is related to research in which an Investigator is participating; and
(b) Whether an FCOI exists.

5.2 A COI Official may request additional information about an Investigator’s Financial Disclosure Statement to determine if an FCOI exists.

5.3 An FCOI exists when the COI Official reasonably determines that an SFI held by an Investigator or a Covered Family Member could directly and significantly affect the design, conduct or reporting of the Investigator’s research.

6. CERTIFICATION AND REPORTING

6.1 Federal regulations require members to include specific certifications and agreements regarding this regulation and FCOI in each application for funding submitted for PHS-funded research.

6.2 Each member shall comply with the reporting requirements in 42 CFR Part 50, Subpart F, and 45 CFR Part 94, which require members to submit reports to the appropriate
7. NO EXPENDITURE OF RESEARCH FUNDS

There will be no expenditure of sponsored research funds by an Investigator or member unless the COI Official has determined that no FCOI exists or that any identified FCOI is manageable under the terms of a Management Plan that has been adopted and implemented.

8. MANAGEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

8.1 If a COI Official determines that an FCOI exists, the COI Official or designee shall notify the Investigator in writing and work with the Investigator to develop a Management Plan specifying the steps to be taken to manage, reduce or eliminate the FCOI.

8.2 Examples of conditions or restrictions that might be imposed to manage, reduce or eliminate an Investigator’s FCOI include, but are not limited to:

(a) Public disclosure of the FCOI;
(b) For research projects involving human subjects, disclosure of the FCOI to the participants;
(c) Appointment of an independent monitor capable of taking measures to protect the design, conduct and reporting of research against bias resulting from the FCOI;
(d) Modification of the research plan or research activities;
(e) Requiring a change in personnel and/or responsibilities for all or a portion of the research activities;
(f) Disqualification of personnel from participation in that portion of the research activities that would be affected by the FCOI;
(g) Reduction or elimination of the financial interest (e.g., sale of an equity interest); and
(h) Severance of relationships that create an FCOI.

8.3 A Management Plan must include a description of the following key elements:

(a) The research affected by the FCOI, including if available the project number;
(b) The role and principal duties of the Investigator who has the FCOI;
(c) The conditions or restrictions to be implemented to manage, reduce or eliminate the FCOI;
(d) A statement explaining how the Management Plan will protect the research from bias resulting from the FCOI;
(e) Confirmation of the Investigator’s agreement to abide by the Management Plan;

15.01.03 Financial Conflicts of Interest in Sponsored Research
(f) A statement explaining how the Management Plan will be monitored to ensure compliance and who is responsible for monitoring compliance with the Management Plan; and

(g) Any other information as needed.

8.4 The Management Plan must be signed by the Investigator, the Investigator’s supervisor, and approved by the COI Official.

8.5 In the case of NSF-funded research, if the COI Official determines that imposing conditions or restrictions would be either ineffective or inequitable, and potential negative impacts arising from the FCOI are outweighed by the interests of scientific progress, technology transfer or the public health and welfare, the COI Official may allow the research to proceed without imposing such conditions or restrictions.

8.6 If an Investigator disagrees with the COI Official’s determination that an FCOI exists, the Investigator may appeal the COI Official’s determination to the CEO or designee in writing within 10 business days after receiving the COI Official’s determination. The decision of the CEO or designee is final.

9. PUBLIC ACCESSIBILITY

9.1 Each member shall maintain an up-to-date, written, enforced FCOI rule and shall make that rule and this regulation available via a publicly accessible website.

9.2 PHS-Funded Research

9.2.1 If a member’s COI Official determines that an FCOI exists that is related to PHS-funded research, the member will make the following information available to the public:

(a) The name of the Investigator;
(b) The title and role of the Investigator in relation to the affected research;
(c) The name of the entity in which the SFI is held;
(d) A description of the SFI that was determined to be an FCOI; and
(e) The approximate dollar value of the SFI. If the dollar value cannot be determined by reference to publicly available prices or another reasonable method, the member shall include a statement to that effect. Dollar values may be provided within ranges, e.g., $0-$4,999; $5,000-$10,000; $10,000-$20,000; $20,000-$50,000; $50,000-$100,000. Amounts over $100,000 may be stated in increments of $50,000.

9.2.2 Members shall make this information available in writing to any requestor within five business days after receipt of a request so long as the following criteria are met:

(a) The SFI was disclosed and is still held by the Investigator;
(b) The member has determined that the SFI is related to PHS-funded research; and
(c) The member’s COI Official has determined that the SFI is an FCOI.

9.2.3 Alternatively, members may make this information available through posting on a publicly accessible website. If a member chooses this option, the member must update the information posted on the website on an annual basis. In addition, for each SFI that is required to be publicly available under this section, the information related to that SFI must be posted on the member’s website within 60 days after the FCOI is identified. The website must contain a statement that the information posted is current and accurate as of the date listed and is subject to updates.

9.2.4 The information required under this section must remain available to any requestor or posted on the Internet for three years after the date of the last expenditure on the research project.

9.3 Non-PHS-Funded Research

For each FCOI identified by a member’s COI Official that is not related to PHS-funded research, the member’s COI Official shall retain all information related to the FCOI in a central location and shall make this information available to the public upon request and as authorized by the Texas Public Information Act, Tex. Gov’t Code, Chapter 552.

9.4 Each member’s COI Official is responsible for coordinating with the member’s public information officer/coordinate to ensure that all responses to public information requests are made in compliance with federal and state law.

10. RETROSPECTIVE REVIEW

10.1 Noncompliance, Retrospective Review and Documentation for PHS-funded Research

10.1.1 If a member discovers an FCOI related to PHS-funded research that was not timely identified or managed, or if an Investigator fails to comply with a Management Plan, the member’s COI Official or designee shall, within 120 days after determining noncompliance:

(a) Complete a retrospective review of the Investigator’s research activities and any PHS-funded research project to determine if any PHS-funded research, or portion thereof, conducted during the period of noncompliance, was biased in the design, conduct or reporting of such research; and
(b) Implement any measures necessary, including but not limited to halting the Investigator’s participation in any affected research project, to remediate the noncompliance between the date the noncompliance was identified and the date the retrospective review is completed.
10.1.2 The member’s COI Official or designee shall document each retrospective review, including but not limited to the following key elements:

(a) Project number;
(b) Project title;
(c) Investigator contact(s);
(d) Name of the Investigator with the FCOI;
(e) Entity with which the Investigator has an FCOI;
(f) Reason(s) for the retrospective review;
(g) Detailed methodology used for the retrospective review (e.g., methodology of the review process, composition of the review panel, documents reviewed);
(h) Findings of the review; and
(i) Conclusions of the review (i.e., determination, recommended actions and remedial measures implemented).

10.1.3 If bias is found, the member’s COI Official shall notify the PHS and submit a mitigation report as required by federal law. If necessary, the COI Official shall update the FCOI Reports described in Section 9.2 of this regulation.

10.2 Noncompliance, Retrospective Review and Documentation for All Other Research

If a member’s COI Official discovers an FCOI related to non-PHS-funded research that was not timely identified or managed, the COI Official shall conduct and document a retrospective review as described in Sections 10.1.1 and 10.1.2. If bias is found, the member’s COI Official shall notify the CEO and, if required by law, the COI Official shall also notify the funding agency.

11. RESEARCH THROUGH SUBRECIPIENTS

11.1 If a member conducts research in cooperation with or through a subrecipient (e.g., a subcontractor, contractor or collaborator) who performs part of the statement of work described in the prime contract, the member shall enter into a written agreement with the subrecipient to ensure compliance with this regulation and federal law. The written agreement shall incorporate legally enforceable terms that specify whether the FCOI policy of the member or the subrecipient will apply to the subrecipient’s Investigators who will participate in the research. The written agreement shall also require the subrecipient to cooperate with the member to provide FCOI reports to a sponsoring agency as required by law.

11.2 If the subrecipient’s Investigators must comply with the subrecipient’s FCOI policy, the subrecipient shall certify that its policy complies with applicable federal law. If the subrecipient cannot provide this certification, the agreement shall state that the subrecipient’s Investigators are subject to this regulation’s requirements for
11.3 If the subrecipient’s FCOI policy applies to its Investigators, the agreement must specify the time periods for the subrecipient to report all identified FCOIs to the member. These time periods shall be sufficient to allow the member to comply with the member’s review and management requirements and all federal reporting requirements.

11.4 The requirements of this section apply only to:

1) PHS-funded research; and

2) Sponsored research in which an Investigator subcontracts a portion of the research to a covered family member or an entity in which the Investigator or a Covered Family Member holds a financial interest.

12. TRAINING, EDUCATION & CERTIFICATION

12.1 Each member is responsible for complying with the training requirements under federal law, see, e.g., 42 C.F.R. §50.604(b); 45 C.F.R. §94.4(b).

12.2 Each Investigator must certify annually that the Investigator is aware of and has read this regulation, the applicable member rule and any related procedures, and is aware of the Investigator’s responsibilities regarding disclosure of SFIs and of applicable federal regulations.

12.3 Prior to engaging in research on behalf of a member and at least once every four years thereafter, each Investigator shall complete training on this policy and other applicable policies, regulations, rules and laws. In addition, Investigators shall immediately complete training if the system changes this regulation in a manner that affects Investigator requirements.

12.4 An Investigator who is newly employed by a member must complete the requisite training before engaging in any Research or Research Activity on behalf of a member and at least once every four years thereafter.

12.5 If a member’s COI Official determines that an Investigator is not in compliance with this regulation or a Management Plan agreed upon by the Investigator and the member, the Investigator must immediately complete training on this regulation and other applicable policies, regulations, rules and laws.

12.6 Each member’s COI Official or designee shall document an Investigator’s compliance with applicable training requirements. The COI Official or designee shall maintain all documentation related to an Investigator’s compliance with this training requirement in a central location.

13. ENFORCEMENT

15.01.03 Financial Conflicts of Interest in Sponsored Research
13.1 Violations of this regulation or applicable member rules shall be brought to the attention of the Investigator, who will be given an opportunity to comply. The Investigator shall present a proposal for compliance to the member’s COI Official for review and action within 10 business days of the notification of noncompliance. Failure to comply will constitute an intentional violation as discussed in the following section.

13.2 Repeated or intentional violations of this regulation may be reported to the funding agency and the CEO by the COI Official. Sanctions may be imposed by the CEO or designee and may range from a letter of reprimand up to and including termination.

13.3 Cases involving Investigators employed by a member, including appeals of impending sanctions, shall be processed in a manner consistent with applicable system policies and regulations, as well as member rules or procedures.

13.4 Cases, including appeals of impending sanctions, involving Investigators not employed by or affiliated with a member shall be referred to the Investigator’s home institution or organization for processing. However, a member may remove an Investigator not employed by or affiliated with the member from participating in a particular research project or activity until any allegations involving an FCOI are resolved.

14. RECORDKEEPING

The COI Official for each member shall maintain all records related to Investigators’ Financial Disclosure Statements and any FCOI determinations and/or Management Plans in a central location. These records shall be kept for the longer of three years from the date of the last expenditure submitted in the case of sponsored research or as required by applicable federal law, see, e.g., 45 C.F.R. §§74.53(b), 92.42(b).

15. AUDIT

Each member shall provide for regular audits of SFI disclosure statements and related documents and reports to determine individual and institutional compliance with this regulation.

Related Statutes, Policies, or Requirements

42 C.F.R. Part 50, Subpart F
45 C.F.R. §§ 74.53(b), 92.42(b) and Part 94
21 C.F.R. Parts 54, 312, 314, 320, 601, 807 and 812
Texas Government Code, Ch 552
15.01.03 Financial Conflicts of Interest in Sponsored Research
Definitions

Conflict of Interest – occurs when an individual’s private interests compete with his/her professional obligations to the system to a degree that an independent observer might reasonably question whether the individual's professional actions or decisions are determined by considerations of personal gain, financial or otherwise.

Conflict of Interest (COI) Official – the person designated by the member CEO who is responsible for implementing this regulation and the requirements herein for that member.

Contractor – an entity that provides property or services under contract for the direct benefit or use of the federal government.

Covered Family Member – includes an Investigator’s spouse, dependent child, stepchild or other dependent, for purposes of determining federal income tax liability during the period covered by the Financial Disclosure Statement, and a related or non-related, unmarried adult who resides in the same household as the Investigator and with whom the Investigator is financially interdependent as evidenced, for example, by the maintenance of a joint bank account, mortgage or investments.

Disclosure of Significant Financial Interests – an Investigator’s disclosure of Significant Financial Interests to the COI Official designated by each member.

Financial Conflict of Interest (FCOI) – a Significant Financial Interest that could directly and significantly affect the design, conduct or reporting of Research or Research Activities.

Examples of FCOIs include, but shall not be limited to:

1. Situations where the Investigator occupies a position in an enterprise doing business in the area of the Investigator’s university.
(2) Situations in which an Investigator, while serving as a consultant to an external organization, has access to a colleague’s unpublished, privileged information, such as proposals or papers that have potential value, and the Investigator seeks to provide that information to the external organization.

(3) Situations where an Investigator directs students into a research area or other activity from which the Investigator intends to realize personal financial gain. A conflict may arise if students are directed to areas of lesser scientific or scholarly merit to enhance the potential for monetary gain or if the financial potential exists only for the Investigator.

(4) Disclosure or use for personal profit of unpublished information coming from system research or other confidential system sources, or assisting outside organizations by giving them access to such information, except as may be authorized by official system policies.

(5) Situations in which an Investigator can require others to purchase a product in which the Investigator has a proprietary interest and from which the Investigator will receive income.

FCOI Report – an institution’s report of an FCOI to a federal agency.

Financial Disclosure Statement – the statement that an Investigator is required by this regulation to submit and update to the member’s COI Official on behalf of the Investigator or a Covered Family Member.

Financial Interest – anything of monetary value, whether or not the value is readily ascertainable.

Institution – any member that submits a proposal or that receives research funding for Research or Research Activities that are subject to this regulation.

Institutional Responsibilities – an Investigator’s professional responsibilities within the Investigator’s field of discipline on behalf of a member, including teaching, research, research consultation, professional practice, committee memberships and service on panels such as an Institutional Review Board (IRB). This term includes consulting and other external employment approved under System Regulation 31.05.01, Faculty Consulting, External Employment and Conflicts of Interest. However, this term does not include external employment approved under System Regulation 31.05.02, External Employment.

Investigator – the project director or principal Investigator and any other person, regardless of title or position, who is responsible for the design, conduct or reporting of Research or Research Activities. The term Investigator does not include students unless a student receives compensation from a member for the student’s research efforts (e.g., scholarship, salary or tuition reimbursement). Nor does the term Investigator include adjunct faculty members unless the adjunct faculty member conducts research or research activities on behalf of a system member.

Manage – taking action to address an FCOI, which can include reducing or eliminating the FCOI, to ensure, to the extent possible, that the design, conduct and reporting of research will be free from bias.

PD/PI – a project director or principal Investigator of a sponsored research project; for purposes of this regulation, the PD/PI is included in the definitions of senior/key personnel and Investigator.
Research or Research Activities – any systematic investigation, study or experiment designed to develop or contribute to generalizable knowledge. The term encompasses basic and applied research, scholarship (e.g., a published article, book or book chapter) and product development (e.g., a diagnostic test or drug). The term also includes educational activities funded by the National Science Foundation (NSF) or proposed for funding by NSF.

Senior/Key Personnel – the PD/PI and any other person identified as senior/key personnel by a member in a grant application, progress report or any other report submitted to a federal agency by the member pursuant to the requirements in this regulation.

Significant Financial Interest (SFI) – a financial interest, including but not limited to one or more of the following interests of the Investigator (and those of the Investigator’s Covered Family Members) that reasonably appears to be related to the Investigator’s Institutional Responsibilities:

(a) With regard to any publicly traded entity, a Significant Financial Interest exists if the value of any remuneration received from the entity in the 12 months preceding the disclosure and the value of any equity interest in the entity as of the date of disclosure, when aggregated, exceeds $5,000. For purposes of this definition, remuneration includes salary and any payment for services not otherwise identified as salary (e.g., consulting fees, honoraria, paid authorship); equity interest includes any stock, stock option or other ownership interest, as determined through reference to public prices or other reasonable measures of fair market value;

(b) With regard to any non-publicly traded entity, a Significant Financial Interest exists if the value of any remuneration received from the entity in the 12 months preceding the disclosure, when aggregated, exceeds $5,000, or when the Investigator (or the Investigator’s Covered Family Member) holds any equity interest (e.g., stock, stock option or other ownership interest); or

(c) Intellectual property and royalty interests (e.g., patents, copyrights), upon receipt of income related to such rights and interests.

(d) The occurrence of any reimbursed or sponsored travel (i.e., that which is paid on behalf of the Investigator and not reimbursed to the Investigator so that the exact monetary value may not be readily available), related to their Institutional Responsibilities; provided, however, that this does not include travel that is reimbursed or sponsored by a federal, state or local government agency, an institution of higher education as defined at 20 U.S.C. §1001(a), an academic teaching hospital, a medical center or a research institute that is affiliated with an institution of higher education.

(e) Gifts, when the value of a single gift received by the Investigator or a Covered Family Member in the preceding 12 months exceeds $250, or when the aggregated value of multiple gifts received from a single entity within the preceding 12 months exceeds $250, excluding gifts received from a Covered Family Member.

(f) Any fiduciary position held by an Investigator or a Covered Family Member in a for-profit or nonprofit entity in the preceding 12 months, including a position as a member of the board of directors, an officer or other executive or management position for which the Investigator or Covered Family Member received any form of remuneration or reimbursement for expenses.

15.01.03 Financial Conflicts of Interest in Sponsored Research
The term Significant Financial Interest does not include:

(a) Salary, royalties or other remuneration paid by a member to the Investigator if the Investigator is currently employed or otherwise appointed by the member, including intellectual property rights assigned to the system or its member and agreements to share in royalties related to such rights;

(b) Income from investment vehicles, such as mutual funds and retirement accounts, as long as the Investigator does not directly control the investment decisions made in these vehicles;

(c) Income from seminars, lectures or teaching engagements sponsored by a federal, state or local government agency, an institution of higher education as defined by 20 U.S.C. §1001(a), an academic teaching hospital, a medical center or a research institute that is affiliated with an institution of higher education;

(d) Income from service on advisory committees or review panels for a federal, state or local government agency, an institution of higher education as defined by 20 U.S.C. §1001(a), an academic teaching hospital, a medical center or a research institute that is affiliated with an institution of higher education; or

(e) Travel reimbursed or sponsored by a federal, state or local government agency, an institution of higher education as defined by 20 U.S.C. §1001(a), an academic teaching hospital, a medical center or a research institute that is affiliated with an institution of higher education.

Appendices

Appendix A – Model Rule Template for System Members

Appendix B – Model Template for Financial Disclosure Statement

Contact Office

Office of General Counsel
(979) 458-6120